



As every  
Mother Knows  
A growing child  
has a real need of  
**SCOTT'S  
EMULSION**  
at Norwegian  
Cod Liver Oil  
Rich in  
Vitamins A and D

## WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

George C. Druse, 82, world famous botanist, died recently.

A high power radio station to be erected at Daventry, England, this year will broadcast programs to all parts of the Empire.

The Prince of Wales will unveil the memorial to the missing at Thiepval, on the Somme, on Whit-Sunday, May 16.

Canadian exports of live cattle to the United Kingdom reached 27,785 head in the year ended November, 1931.

Women have voted for the first time in the history of Greece. The occasion was the municipal elections of Piraeus, near Athens.

At the beginning of 1931 Canada had a total of 5,872 grain elevators with a capacity of 414,660,260 bushels.

Although Great Britain built more ships last year than any other country, her output fell by 876,000 tons compared with 1930.

According to advices received from the Dominion Department of Trade and Commerce representative at Cairo, Canadian apples are scoring high on the Egyptian market.

Registered letters to foreign countries will not be allowed to leave Austria until they have been censored, as a means of stopping violation of foreign exchange restrictions.

With only nine or ten miles yet to be cut, Hudson Bay Junction is now assured of road connection with the northern Manitoba metropolis of The Pas by spring.

Potatoes were grown at Dunvegan, in Peace River district, as early as 1910; in that year nine bushels planted on May 10, yielded 150 bushels on October 3.

A national advertising campaign, chiefly through newspapers, to acquaint the people of Canada with home-grown fruits and vegetables will be undertaken by the Canadian horticultural council.

### Advance in Photography

New Synthetic Dye Records Hitherto Invisible Objects

A new synthetic dye which photographs hitherto invisible objects was reported to the Optical Society of America by Dr. C. E. K. Mees, director of research of the Eastman Kodak Company.

This dye, xenocyanine, when used in emulsion on a photographic plate, records very short waves of heat radiation as it were visible light. These newly-photographed radiations are infra-red waves much longer than any thing hitherto rendered visible.

The new dye "sees" these waves out beyond 11,000 angstrom units. An angstrom-unit is about one-two-hundred-fifty-millionth part of an inch. So this latest step into the invisible picks up waves a little less than a twenty-thousandth of an inch long.

Objects photographed with infra-red have the same appearance as those seen with visible light.

Watches which hold a lipstick are a fashion fad in Paris; when the lipstick is turned up for use the movement winds the watch.

Japan's foreign tourist trade has declined one-half in the last year.

**Chest Colds  
Yield to this  
Treatment**  
Redden chest  
with hot wet  
towels; rub on—  
apply thickly  
**VICK'S  
VAPORUB**  
OVER 10 MILLION JARS USED YEARLY

W. N. U. 1932

### Balance Of World

#### Trade Is Shifting

#### Influence Of Russian Effort May Be Greater Than Anticipated

Statistics now available dealing with trade during 1931 serve to illustrate clearly how the balance of world trade has been shifted as a result of the prevailing economic conditions. British imports decreased in value 17.5 per cent., though they showed an increase in volume compared with 1930. Exports fell off 31 per cent. in value and 21 per cent. in volume. The net result was an adverse balance of trade of some \$2,045,000,000.

French imports shrank 20 per cent. in value and 5 per cent. in volume, and exports by 28 per cent. in value and 17.5 per cent. in bulk, thus creating an adverse balance of \$455,000,000. American imports declined by 32 per cent. and exports by 37 per cent., and the favorable trade balance fell off to \$307,000,000.

During the same period Germany advanced to the position of leading exporter in the world, with exports 20 per cent. and imports 30 per cent. less than in 1930 and a favorable trade balance of \$750,000,000. The United States and Great Britain come next in order, and closely together as regards export values.

Economic writers in Europe are drawing attention to this emergence of Germany as leading exporter in relation to the publication by the Russian Soviet Government of its program of industrial activity and construction for the fourth year of the first Five-Year Plan. According to this program, the scheme calls for the production during that year of nine million tons of pig iron; eighty-two thousand tractors; ninety million tons of coal—nearly twice the recorded figure for 1930; \$700,000,000 worth of machinery, and twenty-eight million tons of oil.

While there is no assurance so far that these colossal figures will all be realized, the gigantic character of the budget cannot but impress all who are studying world trade, and the influence of the Russian effort upon that trade may easily be far greater than has been anticipated hitherto.—Montreal Star.

### Need Sense Of Proportion

#### Municipalities Should Guard Against Excessive Spending During Boom Periods

Boom periods are bad for municipalities as they are for individuals. The sense of proportion is readily lost in both cases. It requires strength of character on the part of municipal representatives to stand out against the demands that are made on them to undertake non-vital enterprises during periods when money is easy. It is then that the services of a hard-boiled controller is needed. Most municipalities will do the right thing now through rigid economy, but the fact that such regimes have to be enforced from time to time is the convincing evidence that poor management has prevailed. Municipal governments ought to be capable of so directing their affairs that there would be small variation from year to year in the budget except that necessary to provide for legitimate expansion. Orgies of excessive spending because the funds are easy to get should be unknown in municipal management. They are a reflection on the business ability of those who are in control.

### Poverty Result Of War

#### World Just Feeling Effect Of Wasted Wealth Says Novelist

Explanations for the ills that are afflicting the world just now are almost as numerous as the ills themselves. One of the most intelligent, however, seems to have been furnished by Sir Philip Gibbs, the war correspondent and novelist.

The current issue of the Golden Book quotes Sir Philip as follows:

"The source of all our present troubles lies in the illusion that we could live more luxuriously after the war than before the war, in spite of all that wasted wealth and the four and one-half years devoted to destruction."

There is sound sense in that. The world is immeasurably poorer because of the war. Is it any wonder if it is now feeling some of the afflictions that poverty brings?—Vancouver Sun.

The would-be office boy had brought testimonials from a clergyman and several church wardens. After reading them, the employer said: "We don't want you on Sundays, my boy. Have you a reference from anyone who knows you on week-days?"

Mexico now has more than 173 factories and mills that use rayon in making textile and articles.

### Experiment In Education

#### Opportunity School In Denver Is Filling A Real Need

A unique experiment in education, carried on for the last sixteen years by the city of Denver, is described in a recent report prepared for the Association for Adult Education by Professor Fletcher H. Swift, formerly of the University of Minnesota, and an associate. It is known as the "Opportunity School," and owes its existence to the intelligence and initiative of Miss Emily Griffith, a grade teacher who saw a pressing need and devised plans for meeting it.

A street laborer, too old to work, was taught the rudiments of book-keeping and a position found for him. Another old man was taught cobbling, and has since earned his living in his own home. A young hobo was given money for bath, bed and breakfast, with instructions to return the next day. A job was found for him, and he has held it ever since. An overgrown lout, who stuttered badly, produced a card signed by a grade teacher, "This boy is a moron." When asked, "Can you read?" He replied, "No, I can't read, but I could draw what they are reading about." He showed a real gift with a pencil, and was put in a showcard class, where he made good. Dozens of similar stories are told to show the scope and variety of the work done by this school. Even training in etiquette and social usage has been included.—Minneapolis Journal.

### Winnipeg Newspaper Union



By Annette



978

#### INTERESTING CROSS-OVER ARRANGEMENT GIVES SMART LENGTHENING EFFECT

There are few amongst us who can't support a few slimming lines.

And what a joy today's model is to the woman of heavier build.

It is cut along the jacket-like lines now so much favoured by Paris.

Carry it out as its inspirer in a checked woolen in navy blue with rose-red and plain blue trim—and you'll love it.

You can wear it now and all through the spring.

Rough crepe silk in black with white trim will be designed too. Style No. 978 is designed for sizes 36, 38, 40, 42, 44, 46 and 48 inches bust. Size 36 requires 3 1/2 yards of 35-inch material with 1/2 yard of 35-inch dark and 1/2 yard of 35-inch light contrasting.

Price of pattern 25 cents in stamps or coin (coin is preferred). Wrap coin carefully.

#### How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 275 McDermot Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. \_\_\_\_\_ Size. \_\_\_\_\_

Name. \_\_\_\_\_

Town. \_\_\_\_\_

When a train from the suburbs of Paris is late officials give out slips showing the exact time of arrival so commuters will have evidence to explain their tardiness to employers.



"There's nothing to worry about now, darling, because lightning never strikes more than once in the same place."—The Humorist, London, England

### Gardening Notes

#### A GOOD LAWN

The lawn is absolutely essential from the standpoint of beauty in connection with any garden, an even, velvety sward of rich, green grass setting of brilliant flowers and making an ideal spot for the children to play in. We can use grass for our paths between the beds, though if there is much traffic it may not stand up as well as more permanent material like brick, flagstones, gravel, concrete or cinders. Our lawn must be even, the grass should be a dark green, there must be no weeds and no bare spots. In planting a permanent affair of this kind most of the work must be done in advance. It is essential that the ground be thoroughly dug and levelled before the grass is sown. If at all possible, give any weed seeds a chance to sprout and then cultivate to kill them before we seed down. Late frosts and heavy spring rains will settle the soil after which we should rake level again. Grass like any other plant responds to fertilizer, and while well rotted manure is one of the best agencies in this connection, in the case of lawns it is not so advisable as commercial fertilizer on account of the danger of weed seeds. A good mixture high in Nitrogen, which element furnishes the green growth, is the best to use. A vital factor in this, as well as all other forms of gardening, is the seed. There are dozens of mixtures on the market and prices vary. But good grass costs money because seed giving a fine, velvety sward that will stand up year after year is expensive. Cheap mixtures will make a fine appearance the first year, but kill out badly with frost and are inclined to develop more and more into coarse, rank-growing grass as time goes on. Reputable seed houses who depend on trade year after year for their own protection only handle grass that will give the best results under Canadian conditions and their mixtures, tested and approved by Government officials, are safe. One pound of seed is required for every two hundred square feet, and where the ground is shaded special seed should be used. Roll or pound the seeded ground thoroughly. This same practice is recommended for treating bare spots upon which the seed should be raked in thoroughly and some protection against birds, like wire or branches, should be placed over the newly seeded spot.

#### Coupons For Money

##### Farmers Solve Difficulty When Banks Refuse To Make Loan

"If the banks won't lend any money make your own money," farmer cooperators at Le Roy, Sask., say.

Last summer they had a cheese factory which had run several years ago but closed down when the price of wheat was high and farmers stopped milking cows. They also knew how to make good cheese.

They wanted to reopen and buy milk to make cheese but cheese is a commodity that is not immediately ready for sale. It must mature for several weeks.

They tried to borrow money from the banks on the security of their cheese, but banks are not interested in agricultural produce at present.

So they printed coupons paying 50 cents per 100 pounds of milk with promise of redemption when the cheese was sold. As the cheese was sold these coupons were redeemed and these farmer-financiers were able to pay themselves an interim dividend of 30 cents and a final payment of 17.9 cents per hundred that the farmers got for their milk. All of the coupons were redeemed within two weeks of the time the last cheese was sold.

#### Recipes For This Week

(By Betty Barclay)

#### DIVINITY FUDGE

2 1/2 cups sugar.  
1/2 cup water.  
1/2 cup corn syrup.  
White of 2 eggs.  
1 cup chopped nuts.

Mix sugar, syrup and water, and boil until, when dropped in cold water, the mixture will form a firm ball between the fingers. Beat the eggs stiff. Pour half the boiling mixture over the eggs, beating constantly. Return the remaining half of the mixture to the stove and boil until, when dropped in cold water, it forms a hard ball. Then remove from the stove and pour slowly into the first half, beating constantly. Add nuts and vanilla, pour into a buttered pan, and cut in squares.

#### CARROTS AND CHEESE

Mince twelve medium-size carrots. Add a teaspoon of sugar and steam until tender. Put into a baking dish. Sprinkle liberally with cheese and a little salt and pepper. Beat three eggs and stir into a pint of milk that has been put on the stove to heat. Let the mixture thicken; then pour over the carrots and cheese. Add more cheese for a top dressing. Put the baking dish in a pan of water and place in the oven to brown.

#### GOOD SEED IS FOUNDATION

Because seed is so cheap and one of the least important factors in the cost of gardening, we are too apt to overlook its importance. Good seed is essential and we should purchase that especially suited to Canadian conditions. Certain varieties which may give wonderful results in England or the southern States are not likely to do well in our country, and on this account gardeners are strongly advised to obtain their supply of both seeds and plants from Canadian sources.

#### South Carolina Slave Had Good Excuse For Being Worthless

The survivors of slave days in the United States are now very few and very old. One of them is Uncle Dan, a centenarian. He is a pensioner of a South Carolina family. Recently, while he was drawing his regular dole, his present patron took occasion to rally him good humouredly on not being worth the cost of his upkeep; in fact, of being lazy and no account in general. "Yes, sir, I expect that's right," the old man agreed. "But it ain't my fault. I remembers the day when your grandpappy paid 1,200 dollars for me, and then Mr. Lincoln comes along with the 'mancipation' proclamation and makes me just plumb worthless."

Talking scales introduced in England, have the usual indicator and in addition announce the person's weight in a deep voice.

### Baby's Cold

"Baby's Own Tablets relieve baby's colds so easily," writes Mrs. Albert E. Knowles, Granton, Ont. "I wouldn't be without them if they cost twice as much." If Baby has running or clogged nose, give BABY'S OWN TABLETS. Absolutely safe. See certificate in each 25c package. 25c

Dr. Williams'

BABY'S OWN TABLETS

Try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

# Premier Bennett Makes Sweeping Denial Of Alleged Gordon Charges

Ottawa, Ont.—Major W. D. Herridge, Canadian Minister to Washington, paid his own expenses while on his honeymoon last year and was not receiving a salary from the Canadian Government while absent. He testified to this effect before a parliamentary committee sitting to investigate the charges alleged to have been made in Hamilton last January by G. N. Gordon, K.C., former deputy speaker of the House of Commons. Premier R. B. Bennett also denied charges, allegedly made at the same time by Mr. Gordon, that when he assumed office as Prime Minister he secured a new private railway car at a cost to the public of \$125,000.

The inquiry is based on a report of the speech made by Mr. Gordon in Hamilton on the night of January 6 last, published in the Toronto Globe.

Mr. Bennett said he had denied the charges when they were first brought to his attention; but later, when he found that they were receiving such widespread publication, and when he was in reality being "branded as a thief," he felt that out of respect to his office there should be a complete investigation.

The Premier made a most sweeping denial of the charges in every detail. Mr. Herridge had not enjoyed his wedding trip at the expense of the public treasury nor had he been in receipt of a salary at the time. Further, he testified, Major Herridge had not received any remuneration when he attended the Imperial Conference as Mr. Bennett's personal assistant, and had borne a large share of his own expenses at that time.

William Duff (Lib., Antigonish-Guysboro) questioned Premier Bennett as to the speech at Cobourg when Mr. Gordon made what one witness had claimed was an apology and retraction. Mr. Bennett replied that Mr. Gordon had made no apology or retraction that could be accepted in a legal sense. He thought that Mr. Duff although not a lawyer, would grasp the significance of that fact.

"I'm a sea-lawyer," declared Mr. Duff.

"Oh," the Prime Minister exclaimed, "I've always heard you referred to as the admiral."

The inquiry was carried out with apparent good feeling by all parties and Premier Bennett stressed the point that he was making no public complaints of allegations that reflected upon his personal actions. These were to be expected in public life, he said. But the fact was that if the charges were true, he was not fit to head the government, and he was determined to prove, for that reason, that they were groundless.

## No Foundation For Rail Merger Rumor

Royal Commission Report Will Not Be Given For Some Weeks

Ottawa, Ont.—Rumors to the effect that the Royal Commission on railways will recommend the amalgamation of the Canadian Pacific and Canadian National with corporation management are not justified in the progress made by the commission studying the railway problem. There will be no report from the commission for some weeks, and unanimity in recommendation is highly improbable.

Lord Ashfield, one of the commissioners is in London, England, and the date of his return to Canada is indefinite. It is doubtful if parliament prorogues by May 15th, if the Royal Commission's recommendation or recommendations will be forwarded to the government in time for action this session. It is also quite apparent there are irreconcilable differences of opinion in the commission which will not make for speedy action.

Manitoba Not Floating Loan

Winnipeg, Man.—Officials of the Provincial Treasurer's Department denied the Manitoba Government would float a loan of \$5,000,000. No preparations for such an issue are being made. Premier John Bracken said the Government is watching developments in the financial markets but has no present thought of a domestic issue.

### Defeats Sweepstakes Bill

Ottawa, Ont.—By a vote of 36 to 20, the senate defeated the hospital sweepstakes bill. The bill was defeated on second reading, moved by Senator White, of Pembroke.

## Doukhobors For South America

### Plan For Large Scale Settlement From Europe

Winnipeg, Man.—Plans for large scale settlement of Doukhobors from Europe in various countries of South America are under discussion at a conference of Doukhobor leaders and their agents here. Peter Veregin, patriarchal head of the Christian Community of Universal Brotherhood, the official name for the Doukhobor sect, disclosed the nature of the conference to the Canadian Press.

He confirmed reports that negotiations are under way to acquire 1,000,000 acres of land in Colombia on which to settle 50,000 Doukhobors. This project, however, had nothing to do with the Doukhobor community in Canada, he declared. There was no thought of moving any Canadian Doukhobors to South America.

Far from any intention to move out of Canada, Mr. Veregin said his organization was purchasing more land here, building grain elevators for the use of their people and developing water powers to serve their settlements.

J. M. Hackney, St. Paul, Minn., president of the International Colonization Corporation which is negotiating the land deal in Colombia, is taking part in the conference. Another delegate is a man named Foster from Berlin, Germany. Mr. Veregin declined to name others but said representatives from London, England, and from Czechoslovakia were in attendance. The meetings will continue for several days. No details of the negotiations could be revealed until a later stage, the leader stated.

## Alberta Premier Is Willing To Co-Operate

### Would Discuss Plan To Cut Cost Of Maintaining Government Houses

Edmonton, Alberta.—Readiness to discuss with representatives of other provinces the desirability of some plan which would save the government's cost of maintaining government houses, was expressed in the legislature by Premier Brownlee.

Some plan might be worked out along constitutional lines in a natural way which would lead to a different system in connection with the office of the king's representative in the provinces, the Premier indicated.

He referred to the situation in Ontario, however, where the chief justice of the supreme court is acting as administrator of the province, no lieutenant-governor having been appointed to the vacancy in that office.

The legislature was at the time discussing estimates and had the items for expenses of the lieutenant-governor's office under consideration.

## Aid For Farmers

### Bill To Provide Seed Grain Introduced In Manitoba Legislature

Winnipeg, Man.—Manitoba farmers in need of feed for their livestock and of seed grain, will be aided under a measure introduced in the provincial legislature by Hon. Albert Parent, Minister of Agriculture. It is intended to assist parts of the province stricken with total crop failure and will be speeded through all stages to become law at an early date.

The province will guarantee loans by banks to municipalities for the purchase of seed grain and fodder. Any possible loss on the loans will be shared on a three-way basis by the Provincial, Dominion and Municipal Governments. The bill, however, contemplates repayment of advances by farmers receiving relief.

So far, it was stated, the Dominion Government has not agreed to give the aid asked but it has offered to lend the province funds necessary for seed grain and fodder relief.

### Asks For Definition

Ottawa, Ont.—What is a billion? This is the question which the Senate of Canada is asked to answer. Senator Parent informed the Senate that an English dictionary defined a billion as a million million, but added that this definition did not apply to the United States where a billion was a thousand million. Senator Parent wished to know which rule applied in Canada. The answer will probably be forthcoming in due course.

## Higher License On Radio Receiving Sets

### Annual Fee Has Been Increased To Two Dollars

Ottawa, Ont.—The annual license fee on radio receiving sets will be increased as from April 1 next, to \$2 per year, it was announced by Alfred Duranleau, Minister of Marine. This fee has been \$1 per year in the past and the increase is expected to bring the annual revenue to nearly \$1,500,000.

The minister also stated that an increase in the license fees for commercial broadcasting stations on a graded basis, was under consideration.

## Welsh Students Destroy Flag

### Nationalists At Carnarvon Tear Union Jack To Shreds

Carnarvon, Wales.—Welsh Nationalist students hauled down the Union Jack from historic Carnarvon Castle and tore it to shreds in the market place.

Their action was a reprisal for the government's refusal to accede to the Welsh Nationalist request that the red dragon flag of Wales should fly over the castle March 1, St. David's Day.

## FINANCES OF GREAT BRITAIN ARE IMPROVED

London, Eng.—Britain's improved financial condition was reflected in the announcement of Neville Chamberlain, Chancellor of the Exchequer, that British citizens again may buy foreign exchange.

Restrictions against the purchase of foreign exchange were imposed to protect the pound when Britain suspended the gold standard last year.

Asked whether restrictions against foreign loans would be lifted, the Chancellor indicated it would be "unwise for us to lend promiscuously overseas."

A cheer arose in Commons when Mr. Chamberlain confirmed that \$150,000,000 of \$200,000,000 borrowed in the United States last summer to bolster the pound, would be repaid.

The Chancellor added that a credit from French bankers of £20,000,000 (\$69,600,000) for the same purpose had been reduced to £7,000,000 (\$24,360,000).

Mr. Chamberlain recalled that an additional £20,000,000 of French advances last August were represented by treasury bonds to that amount in the hands of the French holders.

"We have no power to require them to accept payment before August," he said, adding that the original £80,000,000 (\$270,400,000) obtained from loans remains intact and is available for making repayments.

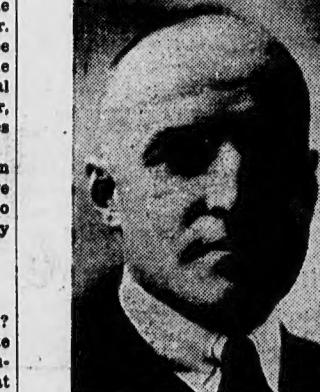
The Chancellor said he desired to remove apprehension that the credits abroad involved a loss to British taxpayers.

"The necessity of acquiring foreign currencies with sterling at its present level involves an apparent loss which will be borne by the exchequer on capital account," he asserted. "This loss is at present offset by the enhanced value of our stocks of gold. Accordingly no burden is being placed on the current revenue of the budget."

The \$150,000,000 repayment to the United States was final, the Chancellor said.

"The lenders have consented to return a proportionate part of the one per cent. commission as from date of maturity of existing bills," he said.

### CLASH OVER AIR FORCE DISMISSELS



Hon. J. L. Ralston (left) former Minister of National Defence in the King Administration, and Hon. D. M. Sutherland (right) Minister of National Defence, who clashed in the House of Commons debate on civil service salary reduction, when the matter of the dismissal of 166 officers and men of the Royal Canadian Air Force was discussed. Col. Ralston described the dismissal of the men as a breach of contract. Col. Sutherland defended the Government's action.

## WOULD ACCEPT LEADERSHIP



Eamonn De Valera, leader of the Republican forces of the Irish Free State, who is prepared to attempt to form a ministry.

## Less Pay For Operators

### Commercial Telegraphers Asked To Take Ten Per Cent. Cut

Montreal, Que.—The Canadian Pacific and Canadian National Railways Companies have notified the Commercial Telegraphers' Union that for one year commencing April 1, a straight salary reduction of 10 per cent. will be introduced in the pay of commercial telegraphers. The companies' decision has been communicated to the various locals. Seven hundred employees of the Canadian National and 1,500 C.P.R. employees are affected.

The Canadian Pacific Railway Company, Wednesday, March 2, announced that effective March 1, the reduction in working time of three days per month without pay among general office staff has been changed to two days per month. This brings this class of employee approximately the same rate of wage reduction as has been applied to the running trades and clerks.

## Decide On Valuation Of Empire Goods

### Provisions In Preference Regulations Under New Import Duties Act

London, England.—The Board of Trade has revealed its preference regulations under the new Import Duties Act provided goods shall not be deemed to have been manufactured in the British Empire unless at least 25 per cent. of their value is derived from Empire materials or work done within the Empire.

Where a number of separate articles are included in one parcel or shipment, each article will be treated separately.

The value of manufactures will be based on their cost to the manufacturer at his factory or works, including the value of containers, but not including manufacturers' or exporters' profit.

### Johns Tariff Plan

Douglas, Isle of Man.—The Isle of Man joined Great Britain as a protectionist country when the Manx Tynwald court imposed a ten per cent. tariff on all goods except those on the free list of the United Kingdom's tariff act and with the want-of-confidence motion of Peter Heenan, former Minister of Labor.

Despite the Liberal Leader's many-sided attack on the Government's unemployment relief record, it gathered few supporters from the third party group. William Irvine, U.F.A. Wetaskiwin, announced the gingers would refrain from voting on the want-of-confidence motion of Peter Heenan, former Minister of Labor.

Although not agreeing with the government's policies, the group, he said, viewed the motion as pure party politics. A. W. Neill, Comox-Alberni, and Henri Bourassa, Labelle, the two independents, also said they would not support the Heenan motion.

Unemployment, said Mr. King, had become a national crisis. The government's remedial policy had failed, yet it offered no alternative. The only move it had taken was to propose a resolution to prolong for two months the life of the "blank check" legislation.

But even this had failed because the act automatically expired at midnight.

"I believe this problem of unemployment," proceeded Mr. King, "is going to be with us, not only for several months yet, but I fear for possibly another year or two at least."

Establishment of a national commission to advise the government was advocated by the Liberal Leader. It would represent labor, farmers, economists, municipalities, provinces, red cross and other organizations with special knowledge of conditions.

Parliament took official notice of the "bad cheque artist" when it considered a government bill to tighten the law aimed at this practice. Introduced by Hon. Hugh Guthrie, Minister of Justice, it stood for third reading after being passed by the House of Commons. Under it, a man who passed a cheque, knowing it would not be honored by a bank, would be prosecuted for securing goods under false pretences. The onus of proving himself innocent would be on the accused.

### Sings To Royalty

London, Eng.—Iwan Davis, 16-year-old Welsh singer who recently toured Canada, is the proudest boy in London. He spent an hour at Buckingham Palace singing numbers in Welsh and English before the King, the Queen and members of the royal household.

Death Of Lady Hall Caine

London, Eng.—Lady Hall Caine, widow of the famous novelist, Sir Hall Caine, died at her home here from pneumonia. Her husband died last August 31 at their home on the Isle of Man.

## Rescued From Snowslide

### Sectionman Buried In Drift For Twenty-Six Hours

New Westminster, B.C.—Buried in an immense snow drift for twenty-six hours, John Peebles, 19, Kettle Valley railway sectionman, was rescued alive and is now recovering in hospital here. He is suffering from frozen hands and feet and from exposure.

Peebles was inspecting the track when the snowslide caught him and buried him under about eighteen feet of snow. All afternoon and night he battled vainly to fight his way out of his icy prison. Occasional air pockets helped to keep him alive.

When Peebles failed to return, fellow workers suspected his fate and finally succeeded in digging him out, alive but unconscious.

## Dominion Note Advance Totals Twenty Million

### Figures Given In House By Minister Of Finance

Ottawa, Ont.—The present total amount of Dominion notes advanced under the authority of the Finance Act to the banks in Canada by the Minister of Finance was \$20,000,000, Hon. E. N. Rhodes stated in the House of Commons. The rate of interest being charged the borrowing banks was three per cent. and the lowest rate of interest charged the banks for such advances during 1931 was also three per cent., the Minister of Finance declared.

## Anxious To Settle Reparations Problem

### France Thinks It Has Become Political Question

Paris, France.—A growing desire to settle the reparations problem on the basis that it has ceased to be a financial question and has become primarily a political one, was reported in diplomatic circles.

Premier Andre Tardieu, who returned from the world disarmament conference at Geneva, had a conference with Leopold Von Hoesch, the German ambassador, and Andre Francois-Poncet, French ambassador, to Berlin.

## UNEMPLOYMENT NATIONAL CRISIS MAINTAINS KING

Ottawa, Ont.—The Bennett Government allowed its unemployment relief legislation to become "as dead as Julius Caesar" and "as extinct as the dodo" without offering an alternative scheme, Right Hon. Mackenzie King, Liberal Leader, charged in the House of Commons.

Despite the Liberal Leader's many-sided attack on the Government's unemployment relief record, it gathered few supporters from the third party group. William Irvine, U.F.A. Wetaskiwin, announced the gingers would refrain from voting on the want-of-confidence motion of Peter Heenan, former Minister of Labor. Although not agreeing with the government's policies, the group, he said, viewed the motion as pure party politics. A. W. Neill, Comox-Alberni, and Henri Bourassa, Labelle, the two independents, also said they would not support the Heenan motion.

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Establishment of a national commission to advise the government was advocated by the Liberal Leader. It would represent labor, farmers, economists, municipalities, provinces, red cross and other organizations with special knowledge of conditions.

Parliament took official notice of the "bad cheque artist" when it considered a government bill to tighten the law aimed at this practice. Introduced by Hon. Hugh Guthrie, Minister of Justice, it stood for third reading after being passed by the House of Commons. Under it, a man who passed a cheque, knowing it would not be honored by a bank, would be prosecuted for securing goods under false pretences. The onus of proving himself innocent would be on the accused.

## DAFOE'S COFFEE SHOP

HOME COOKED MEALS

If You Cannot  
Eat at Home  
Eat Here

PALM ICE CREAM ON HAND FOR EASTER  
PIES and CAKES MADE TO ORDER

TOBACCO AND CONFECTIONERY

Bolivar Chicks Are  
Better Chicks

They are bred to a STANDARD not down to a PRICE. Alberta chicks; Leghorns 12c.; Reds, Rocks, and Wyandottes 14c.; B. C., Chicks 2c. higher.

EXPERT SERVICE ON CUSTOM HATCHING  
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240 Third Ave. E., Calgary. PHONE R1718

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CLOVERDALE, B. C.T A S T E  
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Lethbridge  
PALE ALE

THIS TRUE, NEW PALE ALE BREWED  
FROM THE CHOICEST MATERIALS BY  
THE LETHBRIDGE BREWERIES LIMITED,  
TASTES BETTER TO GLEICHEN  
AND DISTRICT THAN ANY SIMILAR  
BEVERAGE.

## WHY SO UNANIMOUS?

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LETHBRIDGE  
PALE ALE  
served by the  
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OF ALBERTA

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This advertisement is not inserted by the Alberta Liquor Control Board or by the Government of Alberta.

## SENSE AND SAFETY

So appalling is the total of deaths and injuries due to automobile accidents, that any means whereby these casualties may be reduced must be welcomed by everyone.

It has been found that a large percentage of traffic accidents is due to car defects, especially defective brakes. So serious has the brakes problem become that some states have made periodical brake inspection compulsory, while similar legislation is pending in others.

The effort being made by automobile organizations and motor vehicle officials to eliminate unfit cars from the road is a commendable step in the direction of safety.

As a contribution to the safety movement one of the largest brake lining manufacturers is offering a hundred dollars one-year accident insurance policy without extra cost to each car owner who has his brakes relined with the company's product and then his brakes inspected at regular intervals without charge at any of the company's forty thousand authorized service stations. It is said that 58,000 motorists received these policies the first month they were offered.

This appears to be good sense used in the interest of safety, as it tends to keep the motorist reminded of most dangerous equipment when they don't work.

## TOWN &amp; DISTRICT

A good crowd attended the dance at Meadowbrook, Friday night. All report having thoroughly enjoyed themselves.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Christensen and family left last week for Calgary where they will reside in future. For several years Mr. Christensen has been working for the Massey-Harris people in this district and with his airplane became well-known in these parts.

Next year Gleichen will be fifty years old. What is the matter with some big doings then. The old-timers who were here would be able to help put this thing over.

Mr. and Mrs. Blackwell and family have moved to the house vacated by W. Christensen in the east end of the town.

March surely developed a cold wintry month to start with, but since the first of the week it has changed considerably.

Mr. J. C. Hutcheson, who farms north of town, had the misfortune to fall off a load of hay, landing on the back of his neck, one day last week. He has been confined to his bed since and the latest report is he is recovering nicely.

Don't forget the Call is agent for counter check books.

Mrs. Lindquist wife, of J. Lindquist miller in charge of Gleichen Flour Mill, arrived in town last week and will make her home here in future.

The mild weather of the last few days makes us all hope that spring has at last arrived.

O. Desjardins left Saturday, with a load of horses, enroute to Edmonton.

The Indians helped business to a considerable extent Monday, it being pay day for our red brothers.

It is said that many farmers owing to the high cost of auto licenses are putting their autos away for the present and are resorting to the use of horses instead. Horses, evidently, have been overlooked by the government, when imposing taxes. Their turn may come next.

British people are melting down their gold jewelry to help swell the nation's gold reserve. In times of need, Britain usually develops the right kind of patriots.

In answer to queries as to what has happened to "Broomtail"? We would say he is lying dormant. He went into his hole last fall, came out February 2nd, saw his shadow, went back pulling the hole after him. One of these days he will come out, come to life again and tell of his experiences. No he has not gone away, he is right here in your midst. Wake up Broomtail some of the boys want to read your writing again.

Meat prices continue to fall lower. One of these days, the manufacturers may find it profitable to put more pork than beans in the can.

A Scotchman was leaving on a fortnight's business trip and called back as he left home: "Good-bye all. Katherine, dinna forget to mak' leetle Donald tak' off his glasses when he's na looking at naething."

The ladies of St. Victor's church held a whist drive in the I.O.O.F. Hall on St. Patrick's night and wish to thank all those who helped in any way to make it such a success, especially the Gleichen Symphony Orchestra which rendered some beautiful selections and was so greatly enjoyed by all.

The famous Indian writer Chief Long Lance, who committed suicide in Los Angeles recently, was not a Blackfoot Indian as reported in the daily papers. He was a citizen of the United States. He visited the Blackfoot Indians here, some years ago, when he was sent to write something on our Indians.

Owing to lack of space a lot of news was left out.

President L. Michael of the Gleichen soft ball league is calling a meeting of the soft ball players at his academy on Good Friday afternoon, at 4 p.m. sharp. At this meeting only the details of the soft ball teams for this year will take place. It may be a little early to talk soft ball but we all know that Lou is a energetic fellow and is always in the fore.

## UNITED CHURCH

Rev. V. M. Gilbert, Minister.

EASTER 1932

11:00 a.m. Church School.  
7:15 p.m. Service of Song.7:30 p.m. Worship.  
The Y.P.S. are putting on a program of Scripture, Song and Selections from modern writers on the Easter Message.

You will be amply repaid by attending this service and we would like very much to have you.

GOOD FRIDAY

8:00 p.m. Sacrament of the Lord's Supper.

## Here and There

There are 77 mills in Canada in the Cotton textile industry from which the annual value of production, according to latest available figures, is \$58,587,368.

An outstandingly popular sport at Banff is the bathing in the hot sulphur pools operated by the Banff Springs Hotel and the Canadian Government. Last year 89,000 people used the pools.

July 24 to August 5, 1932 is the new date set for the World's Grain Exhibition and Conference to be held at Regina, Saskatchewan. Railway executives from all over the continent will be among those attending the exhibition.

Regimental colors, approved by His Majesty the King, and donated by the Hon. Robert Harris, late Chief Justice of Nova Scotia, to the Annapolis Regiment, First Battalion, Annapolis Royal, N.S., reached their destination recently, having been carried on S.S. Montrose.

A sixteen thousand mile telephone call was put through from Schreiber, Ont., to Sydney, Australia, recently after telephone companies and the Canadian Pacific Railway department of Communications had pooled their resources over a 2000-mile front in Canada.

The startling discoveries of radium and silver at Great Bear Lake, as well as many other important topics, are to be discussed in the technical sessions of the annual meeting of the Canadian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy in Montreal on April 6, 7 and 8. A part of the proceedings is to be broadcast.

Seventy Atlantic crossings in the ships of one company is the record of C. H. Williams of Toronto who this month reached the three score and ten mark in the Canadian Pacific Duchess of Atholl. He is not yet 45 and has been crossing regularly in Canadian Pacific liners since 1912.

The Governor General, Patron of the Canadian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy, will attend the annual meeting in Montreal on April 6, 7 and 8. It has been arranged that his address to the assembled mining men will be broadcast to all quarters of the Dominion for the benefit of those who cannot attend the meeting.

Choice of 14 tastefully worded Easter greetings, either in English or in the language of the country of destination, are at the disposal of the public. Canadian Pacific Telegraph offices at a standard rate of one dollar on and after March 19. The form conveying the message will be decorated with traditional Easter Lilies and messages can be sent over a wide range of countries throughout Europe.

Canada's increasing importance in gold production is represented by a number of important papers on gold at the annual meeting of the Canadian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy in Montreal on April 6, 7 and 8. The developments in the Quebec gold belt are particularly prominent in these papers.

Ending with a clear-cut victory, in the play-offs, of 4-0, making it 5-1 on the round, Canadian Pacific Railway hockey team in the Montreal Railway-Telephone League, took for the second year in succession the E. W. Beatty Trophy and the Railway-Telephone Cup. The team started off the season with three defeats, staging a great come back to end in first position, prior to the play-offs.

QUALIFIED  
WATCHMAKER  
JEWELLER

Prepared to repair all makes of watches and clocks and Jewellery. Located in the old Jewellery Store.

ALL WORK GUARANTEED  
SATISFACTORY, AND DONE  
AT REASONABLE RATES.

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LOWER  
FARES  
for EASTER

Between all points in Canada

1 1/4 FAIR

for ROUND TRIP

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Return Limit

MARCH 29th, 1932

Information

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AND  
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All Work Guaranteed  
FIRST CLASS  
Estimates Gladly Given  
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## Try Our Want Ads

Here is your chance Two cents per word for each insertion; minimum charge 25 cents. Write your want ad, count the words in it, and multiply by two—then you know exactly how much your ad is going to cost. No charge for name and address. Count figures or groups of figures as a word. Ad must be accompanied by cash. No charge accounts on this class of advertising.

FOR SALE—3 burner Gasoline Stove and heater. Apply Mrs. N. Bowen, Gleichen.

RECLAIM—used crankcase oil for a few cents per gallon. No special oil required. Stamp for particulars. 2 McEvilly Block, Calgary, Alberta, 51

WANTED—News from each point in the district—community.

FOR SALE—3 turkey gobblers, \$3.00 each; and 8 turkey hens \$2.00, write Box 22, Gleichen.

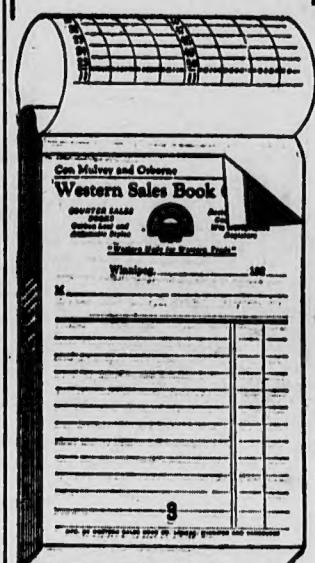
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MARCELLING 50 CENTS  
PIANO LESSONS FOR BEGINNERS  
50 CENTS AT THE HOME OF  
BLANCHE DESJARDINE  
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It's Not a Home  
Until it's Planted  
PERENNIAL BULBS, BERRY  
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FRUIT TREES, ETC.

Attractive Prices  
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Don't merely wish for a big business in 1932—advertise and make your wish come true.

COUNTER  
SALES  
BOOKS

Standard prices ranging from 6 cents a book in lots of 500; 8 1/4 cents a book in lots of 250. Prices higher for smaller lots and lower for larger lots.

Samples may be seen at

THE GLEICHEN CALL

FOR SALE AT  
MY PLACE  
AT MILO

2,000 Caraganas, 3 years, 3 feet tall, per 100... \$8.00  
500 Caraganas, seedlings, per 100... \$2.00  
100 Caraganas, 6 to 8 feet tall each... 25c  
1,000 Maples, 2 years, per 100... \$4.00  
400 Russian Poplars, 6 feet, 100... \$15.00  
10 doz. Purple Lilacs per doz... \$3.00  
10 doz. Antemesea (OldMan) per bush... 10c  
25 doz. Iris bulbs, yellow and blue, per doz... 50c  
25 doz. Sweet Rockets, 3 for... 25c  
25 Perenn. Flax, 3 for... 25c  
Newman Raspberry plants, per doz, 85c. per 100 \$6.00

Send orders with one-fourth of price cost to

JOHN GLAMBECK,  
639-3rd Ave. N. W. Calgary, Alta.

P. S.—I also take orders for Boughens Nursery for everything in the Nursery line at the lowest possible prices.

## Order your

## ENVELOPES

## ACCOUNT SHEETS

## LOOSE LEAF

## BILL HEADS

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## STATEMENTS

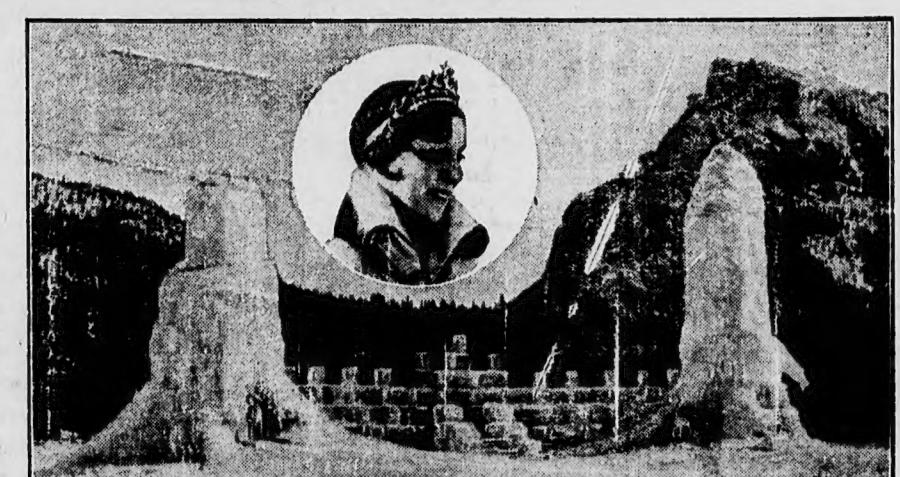
## BUTTER WRAPPERS

## POSTERS

## CARDS, ETC. ETC., ETC.

from The Call

## Jack Frost—King of Architects



Jack Frost, nature's greatest architect, completed yet another wonderful job at Banff, on the main line of the Canadian Pacific Railway through the Rocky Mountains, this winter, when he designed and built the columns of the ice-castle of the Carnival Queen. As is easily seen by the picture, the two great pillars are the outstanding features of the palace. They were built by putting into play, one month before the opening of the great event, two vertical streams of water. Then, more men got busy and built the connecting wall of gleaming transparent ice-blocks between the two pillars, and set in front of it the great throne of ice, from which the ceremonies of the Carnival were conducted, in the presence of thousands of spectators from all parts of

Canada and the United States. Snow and ice contests of all kinds, winter sports in profusion, including the Alberta Provincial Skating Championships, went to make up the programme, which terminated in the election of Miss Margaret J. Nicoll of Drumheller, Alta., well-known as tennis and hockey enthusiast, as Carnival Queen for 1932. Her picture is shown inset.